Pre-Contractual Disclosure

January 2025

APG Developed Markets Equity Minimum Volatility Pool



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Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: APG Developed Markets Equity Minimum Volatility Pool

Legal entity identifier: 549300X8YX6JMUFBUB48

Sustainable investment

means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Environmental and/or social characteristics			
Does this financial product have a sustainable	e investment objective?		
Yes	No		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promotes Environmental/ Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments		





What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This product promotes the following environmental and/or social characteristics:

Exclusions

We do not invest in companies and countries that carry out certain (undesirable) activities. The excluded activities include the following:

 Exposure to companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, and nuclear, chemical and biological weapons)

We define involvement as production, sale and/or distribution of the core weapon system, or components/services of the core weapon system that are considered tailor made (or dedicated) for the weapon or weapons system and essential (key) for the lethal use of the weapons. Regarding nuclear weapons, we exclude companies involved in the production, development, sale and/or distribution of the core weapon system. We also consider companies a) involved in the production, development, sale and/or distribution, b) deriving revenues from components or services that are considered tailor-made (or dedicated) for the weapon or weapon system and components or services that are considered essential (key) for the lethal use of the weapon or weapon system.

Related to PAI-indicator 14.

• Exposure to companies involved in the production of tobacco.

We do not invest in companies involved in the production of tobacco. We define involvement as manufacturing and producing tobacco products such as cigars, cigarettes, e-cigarettes, beedi, kretek, smokeless tobacco, reconstituted tobacco leaf, snuff, snus, and chewing tobacco. Exclusion also applies to companies that grow or process raw tobacco leaves.

CO2-reduction

The product tracks an index which, amongst others, aims to reduce the carbon footprint of the portfolio compared to the iSTOXX World index. A carbon reduction scheme is applied to the index with the aim to realize a reduction of 33,33% by the end of 2025 by increasing exposure towards lower emitters and/or reducing exposure towards higher emitters. To determine CO₂-emissions, we look at the direct emissions of companies (scope 1) and the emissions associated with the energy they use (scope 2).

Related to PAI-indicator 1 and 2.

Reduction of fossil fuel exposure

The production of coal and tar sands is associated with large CO_2 -emissions. Therefore, we aim to further reduce our investments in companies which derive (part of) their turnover from the extraction of coal and/or tar sands. The turnover limits are set at 5% for coal and 1% for tar sands. Companies exceeding these limits are excluded from the index.



Related to PAI-indicator 4.

Contribution to SDGs

We assess how the products and services of our investments contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), such as sustainable energy, safe and sustainable cities, decent work and economic growth, and health and well-being. When companies contribute to these goals with their products and services, our investments in those companies are considered to be Sustainable Development Investments (SDIs).

ESG-integration

We apply an inclusion policy for our listed equity investments based on which we assess whether companies meet our expectations on ESG on:

- Climate
- Nature, Circularity & Biodiversity
- Human & Labour rights
- Business Integrity
- Investor Alignment

We set sector and market-specific criteria for companies, broadly in line with the OECD guidelines, to test whether there is evidence that our investee companies (do not) meet our expectations.

We only invest in companies that pass all criteria ('average performers' and 'leaders').

We assess if investee companies are involved in violations of the UN Global Compact Principles or the OECD Guidelines.

Related to PAI-indicator 10 and 11.

Reference Benchmark

A reference benchmark is used to determine whether this financial product is aligned with all the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

We use the following sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics of this product:

E/S characteristic	#	Sustainability Indicator	Description
1. Exclusions	1	Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster bombs, landmines, chemical and biological weapons). Related to PAI indicator 14.	No investments in companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster bombs, landmines, chemical and biological weapons).



	2	Exposure to companies involved in the production, distribution, and sale of nuclear weapons or key components thereof.	No investments in companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of nuclear weapons or key components thereof.
	3	Exposure to companies involved in the production of tobacco.	No investments in companies involved in the production of tobacco.
2. CO2-reduction	4	Greenhouse gas emissions (scope 1, 2). Related to PAI indicator 1 and 2.	Through our index, we aim to reduce CO ₂ - emissions.
3. Fossil Fuel exposure	5	Exposure to fossil fuel producers. Related to PAI indicator 4.	We manage this indicator at portfolio level.
4. Contribution to SDGs	6	Percentage of Sustainable Development Investment according to the SDI-AOP methodology.	We measure this indicator for our total portfolio.
5. ESG- integration	7	Inclusion 2.0: Number of companies in the portfolio that do not meet our minimum ESG criteria. Related to PAI indicator 10 and 11.	No investments in companies: Involved in severe or moderate controversies; Involved in restricted operations, products and services; Involved in UNGC violations, high fatality rates and lack of board independence and diversity; Unable to demonstrate that policies, systems, disclosures and commitments exist that mitigate the biggest ESG risks they face.
	8	Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles or the OECD Guidelines. Related to PAI indicator 10 and 11.	We measure this indicator for investments.



What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

Not applicable.

How are sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-bribery matters.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this product considers PAI #1, PAI #2, PAI #4, PAI #10, PAI #11 and PAI #14. Please refer to the E/S characteristics section for further details on how these PAI indicators are considered. More information on the principal adverse impacts considered by this financial product will be made available in the periodic report pursuant to Article 11(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088.

No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Pool seeks to track an index that selects & re-weights companies based on ESG criteria and sustainability frameworks. The index is designed by optimizing the parent index – iSTOXX World A – to produce an index that has the lowest absolute ex-ante volatility for a given set of constraints. The index is screened by APG ESG product and UN Global Compact exclusions and selects only from the APG ESG Leader & ESG average performer list. While constructed to meet certain requirements on carbon reduction and SDI score, the index also places controls on style factor tilts, industry/country exposures and liquidity/tradability etc. In addition to internally managed strategies, the Pool may invest in strategies that are externally managed.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

All the elements as described in the E/S characteristics section are considered binding elements of the investment strategy.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

Not applicable.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of investee companies?

The following test is applied for assessing the good governance practices of investee companies.

In the event that an investee company is linked to a GGP controversy we will research this to establish the severity and assess the solvability of the issue through engagement with the respective investee company. If the severity and solvability of the GGP issue is confirmed, it's decided whether the investee company remains investable or not.

SFDR GGP	Metric	Explanation	Thresholds for failing the GGP Test
Sound management structures	Controversies related to Business Ethics practices in direct operations and supply chains	This indicator assesses whether a company has been involved in business ethics-related controversies.	Sustainalytics: Controversy of category 4&5, confirmed by APG research.
Employee Relations	Controversies related to Employees' Human Rights practices in direct operations and supply chains	This indicator assesses whether a company has been involved in human rights-related controversies with its employees (e.g., forced labor).	Sustainalytics: Controversy of category 4&5, confirmed by APG research
Employee Relations	Controversies related to Labor Relations in direct operations and supply chains	This indicator assesses whether a company has been involved in labor relations controversies (e.g., labor standards).	Sustainalytics: Controversy of category 4&5, confirmed by APG research
Tax Compliance	Controversies related to Accounting & Taxation practices.	This indicator assesses whether a company has been involved in accounting and taxation related controversies.	Sustainalytics: Controversy of category 4&5, confirmed by APG research
Remuneration of Staff	Controversies related to Staff Remuneration	This indicator assesses whether a company has been involved in significant controversies related to staff remuneration.	MSCI: Controversy observed (binary data), confirmed by APG research.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

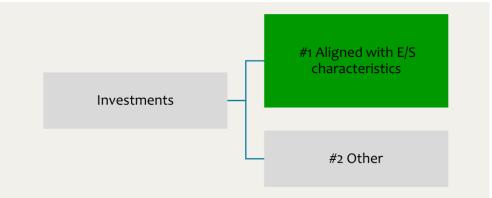
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The E/S characteristics apply to all investments in this product, with the exception of derivatives. The product will mainly invest in equities.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

Derivatives are only used for efficient portfolio management and risk management purposes in accordance with the Dutch Pension Act (*Pensioenwet*). Derivatives use shall comply with APG AM's counterparty policy, collateral policy, liquidity policy and market risk policy.





To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable.

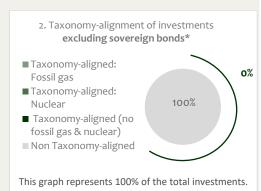
are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

	Yes:		
		In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
\times	No		

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

^{&#}x27;Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

Not applicable.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investments included under "#2 Other" are derivatives. Derivatives are only used for efficient portfolio management and risk management purposes in accordance with the Dutch Pension Act (*Pensioenwet*). Derivatives use shall comply with APG AM's counterparty policy, collateral policy, liquidity policy and market risk policy. There are no minimum environmental or social safeguards.



benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

Yes, the <u>iSTOXX® APG World Responsible Low-Carbon SDI Minimum Volatility index</u>.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The rulebook for the index construction contains the binding elements of the E/S characteristics. The index is rebalanced according to the prescribed rebalancing scheme, which is done on a quarterly basis.

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

The portfolio is managed within a tight tracking error and no off benchmark stocks are allowed.



How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

All mentioned E/S characteristics are binding elements for the strategy, whereas a broad market index does not have those E/S characteristics.

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Use the link to the website of the index provider: <u>iSTOXX® APG World Responsible Low-Carbon SDI Minimum Volatility index</u>



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the APG AM website: <u>Our financial products | Homepage - Asset Management (apg.nl)</u>.

