Periodic Disclosure 2024

APG Infrastructure Pool 2012



APG Infrastructure Pool 2012

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: APG Infrastructure Pool 2012 **Legal entity identifier:** 5493001ICZDKUDS00I69

stment	ent					
ment in an y that 1	Environmental and/or social cha	Environmental and/or social characteristics				
r social led that the	Did this financial product have a sustainable	Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
not n any r social at the nies follow	Yes	No No				
ny is a tem laid ion (EU) ishing a list ally nomic regulation regulation realist of ble economic nable nan bjective I with the t.	 It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective: % in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy It made sustainable under the EU Taxonomy It made sustainable investments with a social objective:% 	 It promoted Environmental/ Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have a sustainable investment as its objective, it had a proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an social objective with a social objective It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments 				

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities.** That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

This product promotes the following environmental and/or social characteristics:

Exclusion policy

The Pool does not invest in:

- companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, and nuclear, chemical and biological weapons).

Related to PAI-indicator 14.

- companies involved in the production of tobacco.

There were no breaches of the exclusion policy in 2024.

Sustainability indicators 1, 2 and 3 relate to this E/S characteristic.

Contribution to the SDGs

We assess how the products and services of our investments contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), such as sustainable energy, safe and sustainable cities, decent work and economic growth, and health and well-being. When companies contribute to these goals with their products and services, our investments in those companies are considered to be Sustainable Development Investments (SDIs).

As of YE 2024, ~95% of NAV is considered an SDI.

We measure and assess the GRESB Infrastructure Asset Assessment (GRESB Infra) score of investments by this product.

On a NAV basis, in 2024, ~97% of investments in this product participated in GRESB.

Sustainability indicator 4 and 5 relate to this E/S characteristic.

ESG integration

When investing with an external fund manager, we encourage our external managers to take into account the UN Global Compact (UNGC) Principles in connection with each investment.

Related to PAI-indicator 10 and 11.

In 2024, no investments were made in companies involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines.

Sustainability indicator 6 relates to this E/S characteristic.

Reference benchmark

No reference benchmark is used for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

E/S characteristic	#	Sustainability Indicator	Observations over reporting period	Observations over prior reporting period
	1	Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster bombs, landmines, chemical and biological weapons). Related to PAI indicator 14.	No investments were made in companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster bombs, landmines, chemical and biological weapons).	No investments were made in companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster bombs, landmines, chemical and biological weapons).
1. Exclusion Policy	2	Exposure to companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of nuclear components thereof.No investments were made in companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of nuclear weapons or key components thereof.		No investments were made in companies involved in the production, sale and/or distribution of nuclear weapons or key components thereof.
	3	Exposure to companies involved in the production of tobacco.	No investments were made in companies involved in the production of tobacco.	No investments were made in companies involved in the production of tobacco.
2. Contribution to	4	Percentage of Sustainable Development Investment according to the SDI-AOP methodology.	~95% of NAV is considered an SDI as of YE24.	~94% of NAV is considered an SDI as of YE23.
SDGs	5	Percentage of Infrastructure investments that participate in GRESB Infra.	On NAV basis, ~97% of investments in this product participated in GRESB.	On NAV basis, 94% of investments in this product participated in GRESB ¹ .
3. ESG integration	6	Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles or the OECD Guidelines. Related to PAI indicator 10 and 11.	No UNGC violations detected through RepRisk UNGC Monitoring or reported by portfolio companies.	No investments were made in companies involved in violations of the UNGC principles.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The reported sustainability indicators can differ from the sustainability indicators that were included in prior reporting period. A prior year comparison can only be made for the sustainability indicators that are currently included.

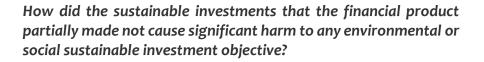
... and compared to previous periods?

The only changes in 2024 are both a positive increase in SDI% and in GRESB reporting %.

¹ Throughout this document, all GRESB data references a period lagged by one year, based on information reported for 2023 and collected through the survey completed in 2024.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-bribery matters. What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable.



Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

This product considers PAI 14. Please refer to the E/S characteristics section for further details on how this PAI indicator is considered.

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 2024.

What were the top investments of this financial product?

#	Largest investments	Sector	Country	% Assets
1	Pasterze Investments Holding B.V.	Energy	Netherlands	46.9
2	Aquila Capital European Hydro C.V.	Energy	Netherlands	27.8

The top investments are calculated based on a quarterly average as a percentage of Net Asset Value.





What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

The asset allocation of this product is split between investments "aligned with E&S characteristics" (98.3%) and "other" (1.7%). The values are calculated based on a quarterly average as a percentage of Net Asset Value.



In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	% Assets
Energy	87.8
Government	9.5
Healthcare	1.5
Transport	1.2

The sectors are calculated based on a quarterly average as a percentage of Net Asset Value. The product's exposure to the fossil fuel sector approximates 1%.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Through its investments, the product contributes to the following environmental objectives as set out in article 9 of the EU Taxonomy:

- climate change mitigation: 16.2%
- climate change adaptation: 0.0%
- sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources: 0.0%
- transition to a circular economy: 0.0%
- pollution prevention and control: 0.0%
- protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems: 0.0%

The figures provide the share of taxonomy aligned activities as a share of turnover. The taxonomy-alignment percentages are calculated based on a quarterly average. In limited cases in which the company did not publicly report on their taxonomy-alignment, equivalent information where obtained from a third party data provider. The Taxonomy figures were neither subject to an assurance provided by an auditor nor reviewed by a third party. The fund does not commit to make any investment with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy²?

	Yes:		
		In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
\boxtimes	No		

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or lowcarbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are

activities for which lowcarbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

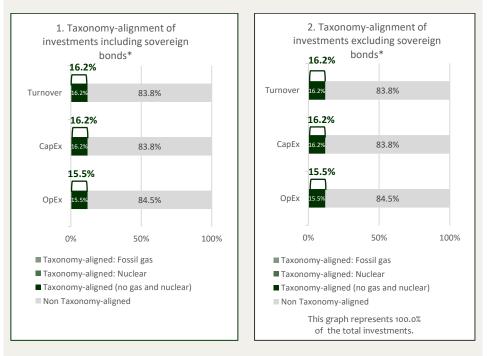
Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

² Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214



The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds**.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures. ** For the purpose of readability, the shaded areas in the graph are zoomed in. The size of these areas therefore no longer matches their relative proportion compared to the total.

The taxonomy-alignment percentages are calculated based on a quarterly average. In limited cases in which the companies did not publicly report on their taxonomyalignment, equivalent information were obtained from a third party data provider.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The product invested 0.0% of its investments in enabling activities and 0.0% in transitional activities.

The figures provide the share of taxonomy aligned transitional and enabling activities as a share of turnover. The taxonomy-alignment percentages are calculated based on a quarterly average. In limited cases in which the companies did not publicly report on their taxonomy-alignment, equivalent information where obtained from a third party data provider.



investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

are sustainable

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

The following table shows the percentages of EU Taxonomy-aligned investments (no gas and nuclear) including sovereign bonds for previous reference periods.

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Turnover	0.0%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
CapEx	0.0%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
OpEx	0.0%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investments included under "#2 Other" are derivatives. Derivatives are only allowed for the reduction of risk (hedging).

There are no minimum environmental or social safeguards.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The following are ongoing processes that continue to be applied to meet the E/S characteristics mentioned in this pool:

- Applied relevant exclusions during screening for all new investments and undertook relevant ESG due diligence.
- Mandated GRESB Infrastructure reporting (an annual private markets ESG survey) as a condition and use this for ESG monitoring and key ESG metrics in our portfolio.
- Periodic monitoring of investments for ESG incidents (including UNGC/OECD violations, through RepRisk or reported by portfolio companies) with a priority on reporting and mitigating/rectifying level 3 severity (very severe).

Specific Actions taken in 2024 (not exhaustive):

- Refined APG Infrastructure strategy focused on (1) client targets, (2) a climate resilient portfolio, (3) unlocking ESG value and (4) active company engagement.
- Encouraged portfolio companies to participate in the newer GRESB Infrastructure SFDR survey with a focus on increasing participation, data coverage and data quality.
- Further reviewed assets with fossil fuel exposure with the intent of either (1) working with these assets to transition and/or (2) defining potential exit dates.
- For any incidents detected/reported (none of which were UNGC/OECD violations) actively worked to rectify/mitigate if they were level 2 (severe) or level 3 (very severe).
- Strengthened integration of climate risk physical with the adoption of a another data provider (with key benefits of asset specific damage curves and input of existing mitigation measures). Next steps defined for coming years.
- Started the initiative to further digitize and automate a standardized engagement framework, prioritizing climate, governance, human rights, and biodiversity, supported by tools like an interim Engagement Tracker and a centralized ESG data hub under development, with clear roles and processes for execution and reporting.

How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

Not applicable.



Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.