

Pre-Contractual Disclosure

January 2026

APG Private Equity Pool 2016-2017



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Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: APG Private Equity Pool 2016-2017

Legal entity identifier: 549300KGX0BBEIHQ9V94

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes

No

It will make a minimum of **sustainable investments with an environmental objective:** ___%

in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

It will make a minimum of **sustainable investments with a social objective:** ___%

It **promotes Environmental/ Social (E/S) characteristics** and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of ___% of sustainable investments

with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

with a social objective

It promotes E/S characteristics, but **will not make any sustainable investments**



Sustainability indicators
measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This product promotes the following environmental and/or social characteristics:

1. Contribution to SDGs

We assess how the products and services of our investments contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), such as sustainable energy, safe and sustainable cities, decent work and economic growth, and health and well-being. When companies contribute to these goals with their products and services, our investments in those companies are considered Sustainable Development Investments (SDIs).

2. ESG integration

Investments in this product are regularly screened for violations of the UNGC Principles and/or OECD Guidelines.

Related to PAI-indicator 10 and 11.

Reference benchmark

No reference benchmark is used to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The following sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics of this product:

E/S characteristic	#	Sustainability Indicator	Description
1. Contribution to SDGs	1	Percentage of Sustainable Development Investments (SDIs)	We measure this indicator for our total portfolio. - % of investments in SDIs.
2. ESG-integration	2	Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles or the OECD Guidelines. Related to PAI indicator 10 and 11.	We measure this indicator for our total portfolio: - Number of companies in violation of the UNGC Principles and/or the OECD Guidelines.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this product considers PAI 10 and 11. Please refer to the E/S characteristics section for further details on how these PAI indicators are considered. More information on the principal adverse impacts considered by this financial product will be made available in the periodic report pursuant to Article 11(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088.

No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The purpose of the Pool is to build a diversified portfolio of global investments in private equity, i.e. equity investments in non-listed companies. The purposes of the Pool are to acquire and manage globally diversified interests in private equity funds, amongst which also co-investments, secondary and mezzanine investments, which focus on, but are not limited to, buyouts and venture capital, and to outperform the benchmark.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

● **What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?**

All the elements described in the E/S characteristics section are considered binding elements of the investment strategy.

● **What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?**

Not applicable.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of investee companies?

The following test is applied to assess the good governance practices of investee companies.

In the event that an investee company is linked to a good governance practice (GGP) controversy, we will research this to establish the severity and assess the solvability of the issue through engagement with the respective investee company. If the severity and solvability of the GGP issue is confirmed, and APG AM wishes to stay invested in the company, then an engagement trajectory will be initiated to address and resolve the issue. Such an engagement will be aimed at a transition by the company to a good governance practice, i.e. passing the Good Governance Practice Test. If, after a maximum of three years of engagement with a company, the trajectory is not positive, we may propose to close the engagement unsuccessfully and divest from the company, without waiting for the full three years to elapse.

SFDR GGP	Metric	Explanation	Thresholds for failing the GGP Test
Sound management structures	Investments take into account the UN Global Compact Principles, including Principle 10 on Anti-Corruption.	We require all new investments to contractually (via side letter) commit to take into account the UN Global Compact Principles.	ESG incident reported/RepRisk controversy threshold crossed + engagement with external manager/ investee entity does not result in timely remediation of issue.
Employee Relations	Investments take into account the UN Global Compact Principles, including Principles 1-6 on Human Rights and Labour.	We require all new investments to contractually commit (via side letter) to take into account the UN Global Compact Principles.	ESG incident reported/RepRisk controversy threshold crossed + engagement with external manager/ investee entity does not result in timely remediation of issue.
Tax Compliance	Investments have no significant controversies related to tax compliance.	We screen for whether investee companies have been involved in significant controversies related to accounting and taxation.	ESG incident reported/RepRisk controversy threshold crossed + engagement with external manager/ investee entity does not result in timely remediation of issue.
Remuneration of Staff	Investments have no significant controversies related to staff remuneration.	We screen for whether investee companies have been involved in significant controversies related to staff remuneration.	ESG incident reported/RepRisk controversy threshold crossed + engagement with external manager/ investee entity does not result in timely remediation of issue.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

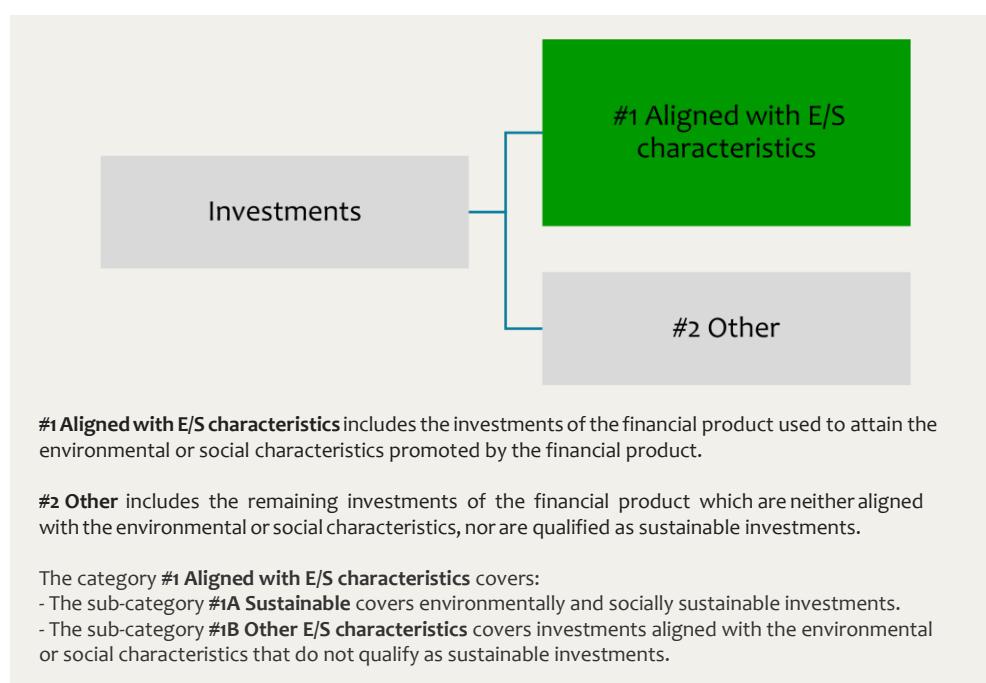
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The product will mainly invest in Private Equity Primary Funds, Co-Investments and Secondary Funds. The E/S characteristics apply to all investments in this product, except Secondary Funds and derivatives.



How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

Derivatives are only used for efficient portfolio management and risk management purposes in accordance with the Dutch Pension Act (Pensioenwet). Derivatives use shall comply with APG AM's counterparty policy, collateral policy, liquidity policy and market risk policy.



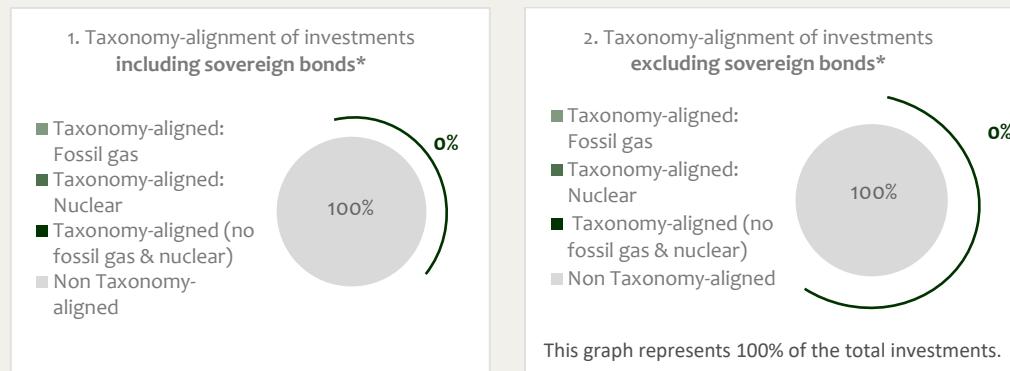
To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable.

- **Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?**

Yes:
 In fossil gas In nuclear energy
 No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

¹Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change (“climate change mitigation”) and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

Not applicable.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable.



What investments are included under “#2 Other”, what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investments included under “#2 Other” are Secondary Funds and derivatives. Secondary Funds may fall under “#2 Other”, as E/S characteristics cannot be enforced on the undrawn commitment element of a Secondary Fund. Whenever able, we do seek to extend our standard ESG side letter provisions (Exclusion Policy, annual ESG reporting, incident reporting, SDI reporting) to Secondary investments but may not be successful.

Derivatives are only used for efficient portfolio management and risk management purposes in accordance with the Dutch Pension Act (Pensioenwet). Derivatives use shall comply with the Manager’s counterparty policy, collateral policy, liquidity policy and market risk policy.

Furthermore, as derivatives are allowed as per the Approved Instrument List and can be used for efficient portfolio management and risk management; when present in the portfolio, they would fall under “#2 Other”.

There are no minimum environmental or social safeguards.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No.



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the APG AM website: [Our financial products | Homepage - Asset Management \(apg.nl\)](http://Our financial products | Homepage - Asset Management (apg.nl)).